(XXX YEAR.) THE (No. 1552.

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1775.

AFFIDAVITS and depoſitions relative to the commencement of the late hoſtilities in the province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, concluded from our laſt.

Lexington, April 23, 1775.

WE, John Hoar, John Whitehead, Abraham Garfield, Benjamin Munroe, Iſaac Parks, William Holmer, John Adams, Gregory Stone, all of Lincoln, in the county of Middleſex, Maſſachuſetts-Bay, all of lawful age, do teſtify and ſay, that on Wedneſday laſt we were aſſembled at Concord, in the morning of ſaid day, in conſequence of information received, that a brigade of regular troops were on their march to the ſaid town of Concord, who had killed ſix men at the town of Lexington; about an hour afterwards we ſaw them approaching, to the number, as we apprehended, of about twelve hundred, on which we retreated to a hill about eighty rods back, and the ſaid troops then took poſſeſſion of the hill where we were firſt poſted; preſently after this we ſaw the troops moving towards the North-bridge, about one mile from the ſaid Concord meeting-houſe, we then immediately went before them, and paſſed the bridge juſt before a party of them, to the number of about two hundred, arrived; they there left about one half of their two hundred at the bridge, and proceeded with the reſt towards colonel Barrett's, about two miles from the ſaid bridge; we then ſeeing ſeveral fires in the town, thought the houſes in Concord were in danger, and marched towards the ſaid bridge, and the troops that were ſtationed there, obſerving our approach, marched back over the bridge, and then took up ſome of the planks; we then haſtened our march towards the bridge, and when we had got near the bridge they fired on our men, firſt three guns, one after the other, and then a conſiderable number more; and then, and not before (having orders from our commanding officers not to fire till we were fired upon) we fired upon the regulars and they retreated. On their retreat through the town of Lexington to Charleſtown, they ravaged and deſtroyed private property, and burnt three houſes, one barn, and one ſhop.

Signed by each of the above depoſers.

Lexington, April 23, 1775.

We, Nathan Barrot, captain Jonathan Farrar, Joſeph Butler, and Francis Wheeler, lieutenants; John Barret, enſign; John Brown, Silas Walker, Ephraim Melvin, Nathan Butbuck, Stephen Hoſmer, jun. Samuel Barrett, Thomas Jones, Joſeph Chandler, Peter Wheeler, Nathan Pierce, and Edward Richardſon, all of Concord, in the county of Middleſex, in the province of the Maſſachuſetts Bay, of lawful age, teſtify and declare, that on Wedneſday the 19th inſtant, about an hour after ſun-riſe we aſſembled on a hill near the meeting-houſe, in Concord, aforeſaid, in conſequence of an information, that a number of regular troops had killed ſix of our countrymen at Lexington, and were on their march to ſaid Concord, and about an hour afterwards we ſaw them approaching, to the number, as we imagine, of about twelve hundred, on which we retreated to a hill about eighty rods back, and the aforeſaid troops then took poſſeſſion of the hill where we were firſt poſted; preſently after this we ſaw them moving towards the North-bridge, about one mile from ſaid meeting-houſe, we then immediately went before them, and paſſed the bridge juſt before a party of them, to the number of about two hundred, arrived; they there left about one half of theſe two hundred at the bridge, and proceeded with the reſt towards colonel Barrett's, about two miles from the ſaid bridge; we then ſeeing ſeveral fires in the town thought our houſes were in danger, and immediately marched back towards ſaid bridge, and the troops who were ſtationed there obſerving our approach, marched back over the bridge and then took up ſome of the planks; we then haſtened our ſteps towards the bridge, and when we had got near the bridge they fired on our men, firſt three guns, one after the other, and then a conſiderable number more, upon which, and not before, (having orders from our commanding officer not to fire till we were fired upon) we fired upon the regulars, and they retreated. At Concord, and on their retreat through Lexington, they plundered many houſes, burnt three at Lexington, together with a ſhop and barn; and committed damage, more or leſs, to almoſt every houſe from Concord to Charleſtown.

Signed by each of the above depoſers.

Concord, April 23, 1775.

I, Timothy Minot, junior, of Concord, on the nineteenth day of this inſt. April, after that I had heard of the regular troops firing upon Lexington men, and fearing that hoſtilities might be committed at Concord, thought it my incumbent duty to ſecure my family; after I had ſecured my family, ſome time after that returning towards my own dwelling, and finding that the bridge on the northern part of ſaid Concord was guarded by regular troops: Being a ſpectator of what had happened at ſaid bridge, declare, that the regular troops ſtationed on the bridge, after they ſaw the men that were collected on the weſterly ſide of ſaid bridge, marched towards ſaid bridge; then the troops returned towards the eaſterly ſide of ſaid bridge, and formed themſelves, as I thought, for regular fight: after that they had fired one gun, then two or three more, before the men that were ſtationed on the weſterly part of ſaid bridge fired upon them.

Timothy Minot, junior.

Lexington, April 23, 1775.

I, James Barrett, of Concord, colonel of a regiment of militia, in the county of Middleſex, do teſtify and ſay, that on Wedneſday morning laſt, about day-break, I was informed of the approach of a number of the regular troops to the town of Concord, where were ſome magazines belonging to this province, when there was aſſembled ſome of the militia of this and the neighbouring towns, when I ordered them to march to the North-bridge (ſo called) which they had paſſed and were taking up: I ordered ſaid militia to march to ſaid bridge and paſs the ſame, but not to fire on the king's troops unleſs they were firſt fired upon. We advanced near ſaid bridge, when the ſaid troops fired upon our militia and killed two men dead on the ſpot, and wounded ſeveral others; which was the firſt firing of guns in the town of Concord, my detachment then returned the fire, which killed and wounded ſeveral of the king's troops.

James Barrett.

Lexington, April 23, 1775.

We, Bradbury Robinſon, Samuel Spring, Thaddeus Bancraft, all of Concord, and James Adams, of Lexington, of the county of Middleſex, all of lawful age, do teſtify and ſay, that on Wedneſday morning laſt, near ten of the clock, we ſaw near one hundred of regular troops, being in the town of Concord, at the North-bridge in ſaid town (ſo called) and having paſſed the ſame, they were taking up ſaid bridge, when about three hundred of our militia were advancing toward ſaid bridge in order to paſs ſaid bridge, when, without ſaying any thing to us, they diſcharged a number of guns on us, which killed two men dead on the ſpot, and wounded ſeveral others; when we returned the fire on them, which killed two of them and wounded ſeveral; which was the beginning of hoſtilities in the town of Concord.

Signed by each of the above depoſers.

Concord, April 23, 1775.

I, James Marr, of lawful age, teſtify and ſay, that in the evening of the eighteenth inſtant, I received orders from George Hutchinſon, adjutant of the fourth regiment of regular troops, ſtationed at Boſton, to prepare and march, to which order I attended, and marched to Concord, where I was ordered by an officer, with about one hundred men, to guard a certain bridge there: while attending that ſervice, a number of people came along as I ſuppoſe to croſs ſaid bridge; at which time a number of the regular troops firſt fired upon them.

James Marr.

I, Edward Thoroton Gould, of his majeſty's own regiment of foot, being of lawful age, do teſtify and declare, that on the evening of the eighteenth inſtant, under the orders of general Gage, I embarked with the light infantry and grenadiers of the line, commanded by col. Smith, and landed on the marſhes of Cambridge, from whence we proceeded to Lexington. On our arrival at that place, we ſaw a body of provincial troops armed, to the number of about ſixty or ſeventy men on our approach they diſperſed, and ſoon after firing began, but which party fired firſt I cannot exactly ſay, as our troops ruſhed on ſhouting and huzzaing previous to the firing, which was continued by our troops ſo long as any of the provincials were to be ſeen. From thence we marched to Concord, on a hill near the entrance of the town, we ſaw another body of provincials aſſembled, the light infantry companies were ordered up the hill to diſperſe them, on our approach they retreated towards Concord; the grenadiers continued the road under the hill towards the town. Six companies of light infantry were ordered down to take poſſeſſion of the bridge which the provincials retreated over; the company I commanded was one; three companies of the above detachment went forwards about two miles, in the mean time the provincial troops returned, to the number of about three or four hundred: we drew up on the Concord ſide the bridge, the provincials came down upon us, upon which we engaged and gave the firſt fire; this was the firſt engagement after the one at Lexington; a continued firing from both parties laſted through the whole day; I myſelf was wounded at the attack of the bridge, and am now treated with the greateſt humanity, and taken all poſſible care of by the provincials at Medford.

Medford April 25, 1775. *Edward Thoroton Gould,* Lieut. king's own regt.

Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, Middleſex county, *April* 25, 1775.

LIEUT. THOROTON GOULD aforenamed perſonally made oath to the truth of the foregoing declaration by him ſubſcribed, before us,

THAD. MASON, JOSIAH JOHNSON, SIMON TUFTS, juſtices of the peace for the county aforeſaid, *quorum unus.*

Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, *Charleſtown,* ſs.

I NATHANIEL GORHAM, notary and tabellion public, by lawful authority duly admitted and ſworn, hereby certify, to all whom it doth or may concern, That Thaddeus Maſon, Joſiah Johnſon, and Simon Tufts, Eſqrs. are three of his majeſty's juſtices of the peace *(quorum unus)* for the county of Middleſex; and that full faith and credit is, and ought to be given to their tranſactions as ſuch, both in court and out. In witneſs whereof I have hereunto affixed my name and ſeal, this twenty-ſixth day of April, anno domini, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ſeventy-five.

NATHANIEL GORHAM, Notary public. (L. S.)

[All the above depoſitions are ſworn to before juſtices of the peace, and duly atteſted by notaries public, in manner of the laſt one.]

LONDON.

HOUSE of COMMONS, March 30.

A CORRECT account of what paſſed at the houſe on Monday laſt, relative to the motion made by Mr. Hartley.

As ſoon as the honourable member had finiſhed his ſpeech he made the following motion;

"That an humble addreſs be preſented to his Majeſty, that he will be graciouſly pleaſed to give orders that letters of requiſition be written to the ſeveral provinces of his majeſty's colonies and plantations in America, to make proviſion for the purpoſe of defending, protecting, and ſecuring the ſaid colonies and plantations; and that his majeſty will be pleaſed to order all ſuch addreſſes as he ſhall receive in anſwer to the aforeſaid requiſitions to be laid before this houſe."

After debating the matter about two hours and a half, the queſtion was put, and it paſſed in the negative, without troubling the houſe with a diviſion.

Mr. Hartley being determined not to be outdone by his friend Burke, gave the houſe to underſtand he had a ſtring of motions to follow the one already moved which are briefly as follows;

Motion 2d. "That leave be given to bring in a bill to ſuſpend for three years the Boſton port act." The queſtion was put, and it paſſed in the negative.

Motion 3d. "That leave be given to bring in a bill to ſuſpend for two years, the act for the better adminiſtration of juſtice in America." This paſſed likewiſe in the negative.

Motion 4th, and laſt. "That leave be given to bring in a bill to ſuſpend the Maſſachuſett's charter right for three years." The queſtion was put, and it ſhared the ſame fate with the reſt.

Deferred the bill to reſtrain the trade and commerce of the colonies of New-Jerſey, Pennſylvania, Maryland, Virginia, and South-Carolina.

This day his Majeſty went to the houſe of peers and gave the royal aſſent to the following bills, viz.

The bill to reſtrain the trade, commerce, and fiſheries of the New-England provinces for a limited time.

The bill to amend an act for completing and improving the navigation of the rivers Thames and Iſis from London to Crickdale, in Wilts, alſo to ſuch other bills as were ready.

March 31. Yeſterday his Majeſty was accompanied to the houſe of peers by his Grace the Duke of Ancaſter and the Earl of Oxford.

The houſe of commons received the report from the committee on the new bill for reſtraining the trade, &c. of the ſouthern provinces of North America therein ſpecified, which was ordered to be read a third time on Monday next, when a ſtrong oppoſition will probably be made to it.

CAMBRIDGE, May 22.

The following is taken from a manuſcript account of the fire that happened in Boſton laſt Wedneſday night.

"The fire began in the barracks, under the arch formerly improved by Benjamin Davis, about half after 8 o'clock, 17th May. The ſoldiers were receiving ſome cartridges, by which means one took fire, and communicated to many more, which immediately ſet fire to the room. The following is a liſt of ſtores burnt, with the owners names prefixed.

John Hancock, 1 ſtore and ſhed; Thomas Fayerweather, 1 ſtore; Benjamin Andrews, 2 ditto; Edward Gray, 1 ditto; Joſeph Barrel, 1 ditto; John Head, 1 ditto; John Williams, 1 ditto, with 50 barrels of flour, donation; Heyſlop and Co. one ditto; Andrew Black, one ditto; Nathaniel Gray, 1 ditto, and ſhed; James Ruſſel, impreſt office; John Soley, 1 ſtore; John Sweetſer, one ditto; 3 at the town dock, 6 ſtores and a cooper's ſhop, owned by Eliakim Hutchinſon, adjoining the town-dock, improved for barracks; 1 ſtore by Elias Thomas, ſailmaker; 2 ſtores leading down to the barracks, improved by Grant Webſter, and William Blair. Inſtead of ringing the bells as uſual, the ſoldiers beat to arms, by which the people were in great confuſion, not being uſed to ſuch ſignals in time of fire.

N. B. The inhabitants took particular care to ſave the goods in Mr. Hancock's ſtore."

NEW-YORK, May 22.

Friday morning laſt, his Majeſty's ſhip the Aſia, George Vandepot, Eſq; arrived here from Boſton, after a paſſage of 16 days.

When this ſhip left Boſton, no tranſports nor troops had then arrived there, either from England or Ireland, but two days after Capt. Vandepot came out, he fell in with 6 tranſports from England, with troops, &c. on board,

Saturday morning laſt, an expreſs arrived here from Ticonderoga, in 3 days: By him we learn, that major Arnold diſpatched Mr. Oſwell, and 35 men, in a ſchooner and ſome battoes, to take poſſeſſion of a ſloop that lay at St. John's; at the ſame time Capt. Ethan Allan ſet out with 80 men to facilitate the undertaking, and ſtopped on the way for a reinforcement of 20 more; but Mr. Oſwell purſued his ſcheme, and took poſſeſſion of the veſſel that lay at St. John's, with all the battoes, and made 14 ſoldiers and 6 ſeamen priſoners of war, before Capt. Allan came up; but the latter, contrary to advice, proceeded to St. John's, where he unluckily fell in with 250 regulars that were diſpatched to the ſuccour of Crown-point and Ticonderoga and after exchanging a few ſhot, made a good retreat with the loſs of 3 men only.

An enſign belonging to one of the regiments in Canada, diſpatched from Gov. Carleton, to General Gage, was taken priſoner at one of the forts: His diſpatches contained a return of the regulars in Canada, which a-

mounted to no more than 700, including those that garrisoned the forts Crown-Point and Ticonderoga.

Major Gen. Wooster, an experienced officer, was to march from New-Haven for Greenwich, within about 12 miles of this province, with 1500 men last Friday; there to encamp during the summer season, in order to be at hand to support the city of New-York, in case their assistance should be wanted.

Yesterday morning Capt. Duncan arrived here in 7 weeks from Newry; by him we have a certain account, that two regiments of foot, (part of those destined for America) arrived there from Belfast, &c. where they had orders to stop until the 1st of June; and that it was said, no troops of any kind would embark in Ireland for America, before that period.

In provincial congress held for the colony of New-York, at the city of New-York, on Wednesday, May 24, 1775.

RESOLVED, that this congress will, before they rise, provide the best ways and means in their power, as representatives of the people, for the discharge of such money as is now lent, or shall be subscribed or otherwise advanced or supplied on the public faith, to defray the charges that are or shall be incurred in the present exigencies of the colony, or that shall hereafter be expended or incurred by recommendation of the continental or this provincial congress.

Ordered, that the preceding resolution be published in the public news-papers.

A true copy from the minutes,
ROBERT BENSON, Sec.

In provincial congress, at the city of New-York, May 25, 1775.

WHEREAS the enemies of American liberty are indefatigable in their endeavours to disunite these colonies; and in prosecuting of this measure, evil minded persons may insinuate that the northern colonies have hostile intentions against our fellow-subjects in Canada.

Resolved, That this congress do most earnestly recommend it to all persons whatsoever, not to commit any hostilities against the people of that country, and do hereby declare to the world, that we do consider every such step as infamous, and highly inimical to all the colonies.

Ordered, That the above resolution be published.

A true copy of the minutes,
ROBERT BENSON, secretary.

The following account is given by a gentleman of veracity, lately arrived from Boston.

On or about the 20th instant, general Gage ordered 200 soldiers, armed, to proceed in two boats, with swivels, to Grape-island, near Weymouth-beach, to take possession of some hay and cattle. The country being alarmed, 3 or 400 provincials collected, and having only one boat, which contained 40 men. They landed on said island, and drove off the regulars, who being much discontented, ran their boats on the flats, where they remained four hours, all which time the provincials continued their fire; the boats then floating, the regulars returned to Boston, with the loss of eight men killed and several wounded, as the provincials were informed by a gentleman that left Boston the next day. The provincials being masters of the island, burnt 100 tons of hay, and drove off all the cattle, which were collected there by an enemy to this country. None of the provincials were killed or wounded.

PHILADELPHIA.

IN CONGRESS, *May 27, 1775.*

Upon motion, The memorial of Robert Murray and John Murray, "Desiring to be restored to their former situation with respect to their commercial privileges," was taken into consideration, and after some time spent thereon,

Resolved, That where any person hath been, or shall be adjudged by a committee to have violated the continental association, and such offender shall satisfy the convention of the colony, where the offence was or shall be committed, or the committee of the parish of St. John's, in the colony of Georgia, if the offence be committed there, of his contrition for his offence, and sincere resolution to conform to the association for the future, the said convention or committee of the parish of St. John's aforesaid may settle the terms upon which he may be restored to the favour and forgiveness of the public, and that the terms be published.

A true copy from the minutes,
CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

ANNAPOLIS *June 8.*

His excellency our governor has been pleased further to prorogue the general assembly of this province to Monday, the 26th instant.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of Charles county, in Port-Tobacco Town, on Monday the 22d day of May, 1775, Capt. George Dent, Chairman, and John Gwinn, Clerk.

RESOLVED *unanimously*, That George Dent, Samuel Hanson, William Smallwood, Jonas Hawkins, Francis Ware, Joseph H. Harrison, Thomas Stone, Daniel Jenifer, Robert T. Hooe, John Dent, Samuel Love, Thomas Hanson Marshall, Philip R. Fendall, Samuel Hanson, of Sam. William Harrison, and John H. Stone, be, and are by this meeting, appointed deputies to represent this county in any general convention to be held for this province, and that any five or more of them have power and authority to act for, and bind this county. Signed by order of the committee,

JOHN GWINN, Clk.

At a meeting of the committee of observation for *Talbot* county, on the 23d day of May, 1775, at the court-house of the same county,

The Rev. Mr. JOHN GORDON, in the chair.

A letter from the committee of observation in Baltimore-town, bearing date May 20, 1775, and signifying that the ship *Johnston*, belonging to Mr. *Gildart* of Liverpool, was loaded with salt and dry goods, by the house of Messrs. *Ashton*, and bound to Chesapeak bay, was read; in consequence whereof, a deputation consisting of eleven gentlemen was appointed to wait on Mr. *James Braddock*, agent and factor for Mr. *Gildart*, owner of the said ship *Johnston*, to advise him of the information received, to request him to give a satisfactory account and state of all goods now in his hands, and not to assist or countenance, directly or indirectly, the landing of any goods from the said ship, or in any way to promote the sale thereof. On the whole, the deputation aforesaid had it in charge, to require an answer from Mr. *Braddock*, as to the part he meant to act on this occasion, and whether he would comply with their requisition, and to report the same to the committee on Tuesday the 30th instant, on which day they agreed to meet, unless the deputation should think it necessary to call a committee sooner, in which case they were requested to give public notice.

On the 30th instant, the committee as above met according to appointment, when the deputation aforesaid appeared, and reported that they went to Mr. *Braddock*'s store, but not finding him at home, they left a copy of the letter from the committee of Baltimore town, together with a copy of the order of this committee, to be delivered to him when he should return. In consequence from this, Mr. *Braddock* appeared before the committee, and informed them, "that he did expect the ship *Johnston* shortly to arrive in Miles-River, but that he had no advice nor had any reason to believe (except from the aforesaid letter from the Baltimore Town committee) that the said ship would bring either dry goods or salt." Mr. *Braddock* did likewise, at the same time, voluntarily enter into the following engagement and promise.—"That, if the said ship *Johnston*, or any other vessel, having on board any goods or merchandise, prohibited by the American association, shall come addressed to him, or to any other agent or factor for Mr. *Gildart*, he will, in such an event, neither directly nor indirectly, receive, nor assist in landing, storing, or selling the said goods or merchandise; but that, on the contrary, he will, immediately and forthwith, give notice of the arrival of the said ship, or other vessel, to the above mentioned deputation, or to some four of them (who are appointed to go on board such ship or vessel and to examine the papers, viz. the manifest, the cockets, and log-book) and that he would give directions for the immediate return of any ship or vessel addressed to him, without breaking bulk."—Mr. *Braddock* delivered, at the same time, to the committee, an inventory of the goods he has now on hand, with which they declared themselves satisfied for the present.

On the same day, information being made to the committee, that Mr. *Brascup*, tavern-keeper, at Talbot court-house, had, on Tuesday the 23d of May, served up lamb at his table, he was accordingly called before the committee to give an account of his conduct; and upon his informing them that he had not purchased more than two or three lambs, which he had been assured were yeaned before the first day of *January*, and on his promise that he would not, for the future, purchase any more lambs, without a certificate from the seller, that they had been yeaned, either before the first day of *January*, or after the first of *May*, the committee were satisfied, and dismissed Mr. Brascup.

Ordered, that the above proceedings be published in the MARYLAND Gazette.

Signed by order of the committee,
ROBERT WILSON, clk. pro temp.

Mr. Green, *Elk-Ridge, June 3, 1775.*

Please to give the following deposition a place in your Gazette, which I hope will satisfy the public, that I am innocent of the charge made against me to the committee of Anne-Arundel county and city of Annapolis, on Monday the 22d ult. and you will oblige,

Your very humble servant,
JOHN HOOD, jun.

ON the 2d day of June, 1775, came George Shipley, jun. and Talbott Shipley, before me the subscriber, one of the lord proprietary's justices of the peace for Anne-Arundel county, and being sworn on the holy evangelist of Almighty God, deposeth and saith, that they these deponents were both present during a conversation that happen'd between Mr. John Hood, jun. and Mr. Thomas Hobbs, at Poplar-spring chapel, on Sunday the 21st ult. and do declare that they do not remember to have heard the said Mr. John Hood, jun. say, "the sense of the convention was, that the people of this province should not muster, and that they had gone too far to retract;" and further these deponents saith not. Sworn before

A true copy. H. RIDGELY.

From the PUBLIC LEDGER, of April 11.

The ADDRESS, REMONSTRANCE, *and* PETITION *of the City of* LONDON *to the* KING.

To the KING's most excellent Majesty.

The humble address, remonstrance, and petition of the Lord Mayor, aldermen, and livery of the city of London, in common hall assembled.

WE your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lord Mayor, aldermen, and livery of the city of London, beg leave to approach the throne, and to declare our abhorrence of the measures which have been pursued, and are now pursuing to the oppression of our fellow-subjects in America. These measures are big with all the consequences which can alarm a free and commercial people. A deep and perhaps fatal wound to commerce; the ruin of manufactures; the diminution of the revenue, and consequent increase of taxes; the alienation of the colonies, and the blood of your Majesty's subjects.

But your petitioners look with less horror at the consequences, than at the purpose of those measures. Not deceived by the specious artifice of calling despotism dignity, they plainly perceive, that the real purpose is to establish and arbitrary power over all America.

Your petitioners conceive the liberties of the whole to be inevitably connected with those of every part of an empire founded on the common rights of mankind. They cannot therefore observe, without the greatest concern and alarm, the constitution fundamentally violated in any part of your Majesty's dominions. They esteem it an essential, unalterable principle of liberty, the source and security of all constitutional rights, that no part of the domision can be taxed without being represented. Upon this great leading principle, they most ardently wish to see their fellow-subjects in America secured in what their humble petition to your Majesty prays for, peace, liberty, and safety. Subordination to the supreme power under which the colonies have always cheerfully acquiesced, is, they conceive, all that this country ought in justice to require. From this subordination such advantages flow, by all the profits of their commerce centering here, as fully compensate this nation for the expence incurred, to which they also contribute in men and money for their defence and protection during a general war; and in their provincial wars they have manifested their readiness and resolution to defend themselves. To require more of them would, for this reason, derogate from the justice and magnanimity which have been hitherto the pride and character of this country.

It is therefore with the deepest concern, that we have seen the sacred security of representation in their assemblies wrested from them, the trial by jury abolished, and the odious powers of excise extended to all cases of revenue; the sanctuary of their houses laid open to violation at the will and pleasure of every officer and servant in the customs, the dispensation of justice corrupted, by rendering their judges dependent for their seats and salaries on the will of the crown; liberty and life rendered precarious by subjecting them to be dragged over the ocean and tried for treason or felony here; where the distance making it impossible for the most guiltless to maintain his innocence, must deliver him up a victim to ministerial vengeance—soldiers and others in America have been instigated to shed the blood of the people, by establishing a mode of trial which holds out impunity for such murder—the capital of New-England has been punished with unexampled rigour—untried and unheard—involving the innocent and the suspected in one common and inhuman calamity—chartered rights have been taken away, without any forfeiture proved, in order to deprive the people of every legal exertion against the tyranny of their rulers—the habeas corpus act and trial by jury, have been suppressed; and French despotic government, with the Roman catholick religion have been established by law, over an extensive part of your Majesty's dominions in America; dutiful petitions for redress of those grievances, from all your Majesty's American subjects have been fruitless.

To fill up the measure of these oppressions, an army has been sent to enforce them.

Superadded to this, measures are now planned upon the most merciless policy of starving our fellow-subjects into a total surrender of their liberties, and an unlimited submission to arbitrary government.

These grievances have driven your majesty's faithful subjects to despair, and compelled them to have recourse to that resistance which is justified by the great principles of the constitution, actuated by which, at the glorious period of the revolution, our ancestors transferred the imperial crown of these realms from the popish and tyrannic race of the Stuarts, to the illustrious and protestant house of Brunswick.

Your petitioners are persuaded, that these measures originate in the secret advice of men who are enemies equally to your majesty's title and to the liberties of your people. That your majesty's ministers carry them into execution by the same fatal corruption which has enabled them to wound the peace and violate the constitution of this country—thus they poison the fountain of public security, and render that body, which should be the guardian of liberty, a formidable instrument of arbitrary power.

Your petitioners do therefore most earnestly beseech your majesty to dismiss, immediately and for ever, from your councils, those ministers and advisers, as the first step towards a full redress of those grievances which alarm and afflict your whole people, so shall peace and commerce be restored, and the confidence and affection of all your majesty's subjects be the joint supporters of your throne.

The King's ANSWER, *delivered to the lord mayor by the earl of Hertford, lord chamberlain, April 20, 1775.*

IT is with the utmost astonishment that I find any of my subjects capable of encouraging the rebellious disposition which unhappily exists in some of my colonies in North-America.

"Having entire confidence in the wisdom of my parliament, the great council of the nation, I will steadily pursue those measures which they have recommended for the support of the constitutional rights of Great-Britain, and the protection of the commercial interests of my kingdoms.

A numerous body yesterday attended the lord mayor to St. James's, men of respectable character, and therefore there was no mobbing or riot. The king's answer was received with a mournful and ominous silence. Silent waters are deep. The present complaint involving a well-grounded apprehension of ruin to the commerce, manufactures, and prosperity of this country, is too serious for noise and clamour.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.

ENTERED.

Ship Catherine, James M'Nie, Dublin.
Schooner Polly, Watson Crosby, Jamaica.
Brig Friendship, Thomas Newell, St. Martin's.
Ship Brothers, Matthew Craymer, London.

CLEARED.

Ship Jenny and Polly, Thomas Johnson, Bristol.
Ship Sim, John Tho. Boucher, London.
Snow Fanny and Jenny, Richard Dickinson, London.
Brig Suckey, Samuel Clark, Bristol.
Ship Brothers, Jacob Waters, Glasgow.
Schooner Greyhound, Archelus Furnell, Piscataqua.
Brig Dutchess of Leinster, Alexander Cathrea, Dublin.
Schooner Mary, Zedekiah Walley, Bristol.
Brig Baltimore, Jonathan Clark, Teneriff.

To be sold to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 1st of July,

A TRACT of land called Braddock's Hills containing 470 acres, lying within two miles of Bladensburgh, on the eastern branch of Patowmack, where is a convenient landing with 3 fathoms water. Any person inclinable to purchase, may view said land by applying to the subscriber. The terms are that one half of the money to be paid down, and the other half at the expiration of twelve months. Also on the same day will be sold, two half acre lots lying in the town of Bladensburgh, with all their improvements. Likewise a parcel of very lively healthy country born slaves, for keeping money or London bills at the current exchange.

JAMES MILLER.

TO BE SOLD.

A PAIR of very fine chariot geldings, full 15 hands high. Enquire at Mr. Browns, at Anna-polis. tf

Annapolis, June 3, 1775.

To be sold by public vendue, on Thurſday the 15th inſtant,

ALL the houſhold furniture belonging to the late Charles Bryan, deceaſed, at his late dwelling-houſe. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock. tf

ALLEN QUYNN, } executors.
FRANCIS FAIRBROTHER }

N. B. All perſons indebted to the aforeſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment; and all perſons having any demand, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted.

Annapolis, June 6, 1775.

THE ſubſcriber acknowledges the favour conferred on him, by thoſe gentlemen who kindly ſubſcribed their names as eventual purchaſers of the *Deputy-Commiſſary's Guide*; but as he is informed that the greateſt part of the ſupernumerary copies, purpoſely printed for them, are ſtill on hand, undiſpoſed of; he begs leave to obſerve, that unleſs they are pleaſed to perform the ſecond part alſo, that of taking up and paying for their books at the places where they were ſubſcribed for, he can derive no benefit whatever from their good intention in ſigning the paper.

The expences of that publication, in general, as yet, greatly exceed the remittances; and unleſs thoſe books are ſpeedily applied for, the ſubſcriber muſt ſink money by having furniſhed the public with a performance wholly calculated for their ſervice, and as ſuch, generally approved of.

Thoſe gentlemen who have money lodged in their hands on that account, will much oblige the ſubſcriber to favour him with a ſight of it, as ſoon as convenient.

3 w ELIE VALLETTE.

FOR SALE,

NINE hundred and thirteen acres of land, lying on Seneca, in Frederick county; this land conſiſts of ſeveral different tracts but are adjoining each other, and lays well, with great plenty of good timber, and the main ſtream of Seneca creek runs through great part of it. There is on this land a very good geared grift mill almoſt new, with bolting clothes that goes by water, the mill can grind eight buſhels of wheat into good flour in an hour, and is on a never failing ſtream of water. There alſo is on this land two ſmall dwelling-houſes, a new framed tobacco-houſe covered with ſhingles, fifty-two feet long, and twenty-four wide. There is about 60 acres of good land cleared and under good fence, more than 20 acres of meadow land now ſowed in Timothy graſs and oats which may be watered at all ſeaſons of the year from the mill-dam: this land is diſtant about 22 miles from George-town on Patowmack, and about 18 from Frederick town. There is a crop pitched for three hands, which the purchaſer may have with the land, and poſſeſſion given him immediately. For title and terms, apply to tf EDMUND JENNINGS.

N. B. I will take young ſlaves for part of the purchaſe money.

FOUR POUNDS REWARD.

WENT off the 23d inſtant, from the ſubſcriber's plantation, on Patapſco Neck, an Engliſh ſervant man, named Francis Barrett, 6 feet 1 inch high, round viſage, fair complexion, light brown or ſandy hair, which curls, hazel eyes, has a ſcar on his noſe, and a mole on the right ſide of his chin, is ſlim made, and a little knock-knee'd, a carpenter and ſawyer by trade, though no workman at either, he has been a ſoldier: had on and took with him a new check ſhirt, one white ditto and ſtock, one pair of brown ribb'd and a pair of white thread ſtockings, one pair of light blue worſted ditto, a pair of black grain ſhoes almoſt new, one pair of oſnabrig trouſers, with a hole on one knee, one white ſtriped ſilk and cotton jacket, half worn, a pair of light brown thickſet breeches, and a pair of copper knee buckles, two match coat blankets; he had alſo an iron collar on. It is ſuſpected he has ſince taken a boat, 20 or 22 feet long, which has been lately trimmed, new bottomed, and nailed; the upper part is rivetted, her timber of Saſſafras. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant and boat, and ſecures them, ſo that I get them again, ſhall have the above reward; or three pounds for the ſervant, and 20 ſhillings for the boat, including what the law allows, paid by 4 w CHARLES RIDGELY.

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from Fort Frederick furnace, in Frederick county, Maryland, the three following Engliſh convict ſervant men, viz John Taylor, ran away on the 2d day of April laſt, born in Worceſterſhire, 22 or 23 years of age, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, by trade a blackſmith, a ſtout well ſet fellow, full faced, good complexion, light grey eyes, light ſhort hair cut ſhort before, a very impudent fellow: had on and took with him a brown cotton jacket, an Iriſh linen ſhirt, one oſnabrig ditto, one old black ſilk handkerchief, one pair of old buckſkin breeches patched between the thighs, one pair of German town hoſe, an old felt hat, one pair of country made ſhoes, one pair of old pumps, and a pair of pinchbeck buckles, and perhaps he may have more cloaths with him: he had on an iron collar, but may conceal it, or has got it off.

Robert Bees, and Thomas Greenwood, runaway the 24th day of May laſt, both born in Glouceſterſhire, and ſpeak that dialect; Robert Bees is 23 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, fair complexion, blue eyes, brown hair, by trade a miner: had on and took with him a good felt hat, oſnabrig ſhirt and trouſers, Welch cotton jacket dyed brown, a pair of very broad check trouſers, a good pair of ſhoes, with white metal buckles.

Thomas Greenwood, is about 23 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, ſwarthy complexion, blue eyes, brown hair, he is a farmer and waggoner: had on an indifferent felt hat, oſnabrig ſhirt and cotton trouſers, a Welch cotton jacket, good pair of ſhoes with yellow metal carved buckles. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervants and ſecures them, ſo that the ſubſcriber may get them again, if 40 miles from home, forty ſhillings for each; if 40 miles, four pounds; and if 60 miles, the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by CHARLES RIDGELY.

THERE is at the plantation of Timothy O'Bryan, taken up as a ſtray, a middle ſized bay horſe, no brand nor ear-mark, appears to be 7 or 8 years old. The owner may have him again, on proving property, and paying charges. at county.

Upper-Marlborough, Prince George's county.

THE ſubſcriber gives notice, that for the eaſe of the inhabitants of this county, he will attend in behalf of the ſheriff at the following places, on the days below mentioned, in order to receive the public leſſes, lawyer's and officer's fees, and clergy's dues, viz.

At Nottingham, on Wedneſday and Thurſday, the 31ſt of May, and 1ſt of June. At Magruder's warehouſe, Friday and Saturday, the 2d and 3d of June. At Piſcataway, the Friday and Saturday in Whitſun-week, being the 9th and 10th of June. At Broad-creek, on Monday the 12th of June. At Bladenſburg, Tueſday and Wedneſday, the 13th and 14th of June. At Baldwin's tavern, Thurſday the 15th of June. At Queen-Anne, Friday the 16th of June. And at Upper-Marlborough, on Saturday the 17th of June Where conſtant attendance is given at all other times, on buſineſs of the ſheriff's office, by

RALPH FORSTER.

To be ſold at public vendue, at London-town, South-river, on Friday the 16th of this inſtant,

TWO valuable lots of land, formerly the property of Edward Amies, for ready caſh only, the ſale to begin at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Likewiſe on Saturday the 27th of this inſtant at 10 o'clock, A. M. will be ſold at public ſale, at the houſe Mr. Buckland formerly lived in, an exceeding good flat, now laying at Mr. Robert's landing, ſails, cable, and anchor almoſt new. Likewiſe a parcel of good houſhold furniture too tedious to mention. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe before the 27th of this inſtant, by private ſale, are deſired to apply to the ſubſcriber. WILLIAM NIVEN.

MISSISSIPPI.

WE have authority to communicate to the public, from his excellency Montfort Brown, Eſq; governor and commander in chief of his majeſty's Bahama iſlands, That his excellency being poſſeſſed of ſeveral very extenſive and valuable tracts of land, (as well by grants from the crown as by purchaſe) ſituated on the banks of the rivers Miſſiſſippi and Mobile in Weſt-Florida, to the amount of 150,000 acres and upwards; (excluſive of Dauphin iſland, whoſe ſituation for trade is ſo well known) is deſirous of encouraging all ſubſtantial planters or others, who wiſh to become ſettlers in thoſe parts. The fertility of ſoil, ſalubrity of climate, and moſt delightful ſituation of thoſe tracts, are ſo well known, that they need no fuller deſcription, than that painted by his excellency, for his majeſty, who has thought fit to order the intended capital on account of its riſing conſequence, and moſt convenient ſituation, to be removed from Fort Bute, to *Brown's Cliffs*, nearly oppoſite to that moſt beautiful and populous town called Point Coupée, belonging to the Spaniards.

For further particulars, his excellency refers the public to the printed reaſons, left with the printer hereof, in order that thoſe who are inclined to remove to that flouriſhing province, may be well informed, and may, by application to his excellency at New Providence, be well aſſured of meeting with every encouragement they can wiſh for or deſire. 3 w

N. B. The greateſt part of the above lands are fit for immediate culture, having no more wood on them than what will be abſolutely neceſſary for tenantable uſes, and are watered by navigable rivers, pleaſing rivulets, and innumerable ſprings.

By virtue of a deed of truſt from William Butler of Baltimore county, will be expoſed to ſale by way of public vendue, on Monday the 10th of July next, at the houſe of Mrs. Sarah Chilton, in Baltimore town,

A TRACT of land called Hope, patented for 200 acres, ſituated about 6 miles from Baltimore town, and the great waggon road to the back country runs one mile through the land. There are two ſettlements on it, on one of which William Butler now lives, and Mrs. Mary Butler is in poſſeſſion of the other. On the firſt part there is a good framed dwelling-houſe, kitchen, ſtables, ſhed, and orchard, and has been a well frequented tavern for ſeveral years paſt. There is alſo a good hewed log dwelling-houſe, kitchen, ſtables and orchard, on the part where Mrs. Butler lives. About 20 acres of meadow ground is already in order for the ſcythe, and thirty acres more may be made. It will be ſold together, or in lots of 50 acres each, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. The title is indiſputable, and the terms may be known, by applying to ROBERT CHRISTIE, jun. ſheriff.

N. B. All perſons who have brought ſuits againſt the ſaid William Butler, and for which he was committed to my cuſtody, are deſired to bring in their accounts proved, that they may be ſettled. 2 ts

To be rented for any term of years, not exceeding fourteen, and entered upon next November,

THE houſes and ferry oppoſite to Alexandria, either with or without an adjoining improved plantation; the land whereof is, in general good, with a large quantity of valuable low ground. This being a place much frequented, and likely to become daily more ſo with the riſing importance of Alexandria, renders it peculiarly fit either for a tavern, or a place of trade, or both. The buildings now upon it, excepting one new houſe intended for a kitchen, are but indifferent; it is, therefore, propoſed, that the tenant ſhall erect ſuch as he may judge neceſſary, for which a proper abatement will be made in the rent. For terms, apply to the Rev. Mr. Jonathan Boucher, or Mr. John Addiſon near the premiſes. tf

Annapolis, May 8, 1775.

THE judges of the Land-office having informed his excellency the governor, that there are many old certificates lying in their office unpatented; his excellency, therefore thought fit to direct them to give public notice to thoſe concerned, that unleſs they come and take out their grants within four months from the date hereof, they will not afterwards have that liberty. By the exception. tf

Signed per order, DAVID STEUART, clk.

To be ſold to the higheſt bidder, at Mr. Ninian Beall's of Ninian, on the 20th day of August next, if fair. If not the next fair day,

TWELVE hundred acres of land, lying on great Seneca creek, (near the mouth) in Frederick county, Maryland; whereon is three plantations, a great quantity of valuable meadow land, and two exceeding good mill ſeats, the purchaſer or purchaſers to have immediate poſſeſſion, on giving bond with approved ſecurity, payable the 20th day of November 1776; to carry intereſt from the date of the bond, if not punctually diſcharged at or on the aforeſaid 20th day of November. The land will be laid out in lots ſuitable to the purchaſer. Any perſon inclinable to view the land before the day of ſale, may apply to Ninian Beall, ſon of Ninian. w 16

CHARLES BEALL.

Annapolis, May 9, 1775.

To be ſold at public vendue, on Monday the 26th day of June, on the premiſes,

THE dwelling-houſe of the late Mr. William Buckland, together with the improvements as they now ſtand, ſituated on Bloomſbury ſquare, in this city.—There are two lots belonging to the ſaid houſe, on leaſe for ninety-nine years, two years of which are expired.—The title and terms will be made known on the day of ſale. tf

DENTON JACQUES.

N. B. At the ſame time and place will be ſold the remaining part of the deceaſed's houſhold furniture, &c.

LOST at Prince George's county court, on Wedneſday the 29th inſtant, a large red Morocco pocket-book, in which was between three and four pounds in caſh, and ſundry papers belonging to Colo. Robert Etherington, of no uſe to any one but the owner. Whoever has found the ſaid pocket-book, and will bring it with the papers to the ſubſcriber in Upper-Marlborough, ſhall be welcome to the money that was in it, and a reward beſides of twenty ſhillings current money, and no queſtions aſked.

RALPH FORSTER.

A white woman to be ſold for her priſon fees, that is an exceeding good ſpinſter and knitter.

Anne-Arundel county, April 12, 1775.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody on ſuſpicion of being runaways, the four following perſons, to wit, James M'Glolin, he is a middle ſize man, brown ſwarthy complexion, black hair, has on a claret coloured jacket, a blue waiſtcoat and breaches, old ſhoes and ſtockings. Alexander Henwinken, a middle ſize man, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; has on a blue ſhort jacket and waiſtcoat, and caſſimer breeches, ſhort black hair, and has loſt one of his fingers. James Todd, a ſpare young fellow; has on a brown ſhort jacket, blue waiſtcoat and breeches, ſhort black hair, they all three appear to be ſailors, and ſay they came from a ſhip in Hobb's Hole, called the Mars, Iſaac Midſhipman, captain. Likewiſe Daniel Hurly, who belongs to Samuel Douglaſs, in Frederick county. Their maſters are deſired to take them away, and pay charges to tf WILLIAM NOKE, ſheriff.

Calvert county, May 1, 1775.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, a likely well made negro man, named Mial, formerly the property of Mr. Young Parran, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a very black complexion, ſhews his teeth much when he talks, is generally very compliſant, very ſenſible, has been uſed to go by water, and poſſibly may try to paſs for a free man: had on when he went away, a blue cloth jacket with a ſmall red under one, cotton trouſers made ſailor faſhion and much tarred, but as he has been gone ſome time, it is probable he may have changed his cloaths.—I have heard he propoſed going towards Alexandria in Virginia. Whoever takes up ſaid negro, and brings him to the ſubſcriber near Lower-Marlborough, ſhall receive twenty dollars; or ſecures him in any jail, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall receive a reward of five pounds currency, paid by tf WILLIAM ALLEIN.

Daniel Matzler, and Elizibeth his wife, and Elizabeth M'Manus—Againſt—Thomas Williams, and Elizabeth his wife; which ſaid Elizabeth is deviſee of Chriſtopher Wilkinſon, late of Queen-Anne's county, deceaſed,

IN CHANCERY.

WHEREAS the ſaid Daniel Matzler, and Elizabeth his wife, and Elizibeth M'Manus, have filed their bill in this court againſt the ſaid deviſee and adminiſtrators of the ſaid Chriſtopher Wilkinſon, to compel them to reconvey and aſſign certain lands therein mentioned, to the complainants which were heretofore mortgaged by them to the ſaid Chriſtopher Wilkinſon, they the ſaid complainants paying the principal and intereſt due on the ſaid mortgage. This is therefore to give notice, that unleſs the ſaid Thomas Williams, and Elizibeth his wife, do and ſhall appear to the ſaid bill within ſix months from the date hereof, and ſhew cauſe to the contrary, a final order and decree will paſs, and be given by the ſaid court of chancery in the cauſe aforeſaid. 6 m

Signed per order,

GEO. RANKEN, regiſter.

Baltimore, February 28, 1775.

FOR SALE,

THE corner water lot at Fell's Point, lying on Bond and Thame's ſtreets, oppoſite the London coffee-houſe, with the wharf, granaries, and dwelling-houſe, at preſent occupied by Mr. George James. The lot is 120 feet front on the ſtreet, and the wharf 120 feet front on the water, well ſtaid in and ſecured, and has 17 feet water at a common tide. The granaries, to which a ſhip may lay her ſide and take in her whole cargo, hold 15,000 buſhels, and are ſtrong well built framed houſes. The dwelling-houſe has good cellars, and is ſufficient for a genteel family, with a pump of water at the door; the whole well fenced in. A purchaſer may have any reaſonable credit, and know the terms, by applying to tf

JAMES CHRISTIE, jun.
ROBERT CHRISTIE, jun.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. Reverdy Ghiſelin, late of the city of Annapolis, deceaſed; are earneſtly requeſted to make as ſpeedy payment as poſſible, that the ſubſcriber may be enabled to diſcharge the debts due from ſaid eſtate, an account of which is deſired from thoſe to whom they are due, by MARY GHISELIN, executrix.

N. B. I have a convenient back building to let, with or without a piece of ground for a garden. 6

WANTING, a quantity of bark for the tanning buſineſs this ſeaſon, and the ſubſcribers will give the beſt of prices for the ſame, delivered in Annapolis. tf SELBY and HOWARD.

Nottingham, April 1, 1775.

OUR partnerſhip is now at an end; all perſons that have had any dealings with us, are deſired to ſettle and diſcharge their balances, but little regard was paid to our laſt advertiſement.---Conſtant attendance will be given at this place to ſettle and receive our debts, and thoſe that do not comply by the 10th of July next, legal meaſures will be taken to enforce payments without reſpect to perſons.

We have between £700 and £800 coſt of goods, which we would ſell very cheap, and give two years time of payment. 12 w

THO. CONTEE, FIELDER BOWIE.

Annapolis, March 14, 1775.

ALL perſons indebted to Thomas Harwood jun. and to Thomas Harwood, jun. and John Brice, are requeſted to make immediate payment, or otherwiſe ſettle to their ſatisfaction, no longer indulgence will be given; as this is a reaſonable requeſt, and long forbearances have already been given, hope it will be punctually complied with, ſhould it be neglected, ſuch meaſures muſt be taken to produce payment as will be very diſagreeable.---Benjamin Harwood, jun. will conſtantly attend as uſual, at the brick building on the front of the dock, for the purpoſe of receiving payments, or otherwiſe ſettling, where it is not immediately convenient to pay.

Baltimore, April 3, 1775.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK houſe, ſituated on Market-ſtreet, in Baltimore town, has been built two years, is forty-two feet front, and forty-four deep, has four rooms on each floor, and is well adapted for a merchant, having a good ſtore and counting-houſe; the lot is two hundred and twenty-ſix feet deep, extending from Market-ſtreet, to German-lane.

Alſo a tract of land ſituated on the north branch of Shannadoah river, in Auguſta county, Virginia, containing 210 acres, called the Great Plain, remarkable for the fertility of the ſoil; there is on the ſaid tract, a merchant mill, ſaw-mill, and oil-mill, all in good repair, and in the dryeſt ſeaſon, plentifully ſupplied with water from a never failing ſpring, the ſource of which is not more than a quarter of a mile from the mills.

Alſo one other tract near the former, containing 270 acres of good timbered land.

Alſo one other tract adjoining the firſt mentioned tract, containing 570 acres. Extraordinary good land, proper for hemp, grain, or graſs.

Alſo one other tract adjoining the ſecond mentioned tract, containing 253 acres.

For further particulars concerning the lands, apply to Alexander White, Eſq; in Winchester, who will give directions how the lands and mills may be viewed, and is impowered to diſpoſe of the ſame.

We intending to decline the dry goods trade, have upon hand about three thouſand pounds ſterling coſt of goods, which we would diſpoſe of on very moderate terms. 5 ASHBURNER and PLACE.

Port-Tobacco, March 7, 1775.

THE committee of Charles county have impowered me to engage a veſſel of 2000 to 2500 buſhels burthen, to load with grain on Patowmack river, for the uſe of the poor inhabitants of the town of Boſton, where it is to be delivered. Any perſon that has ſuch a veſſel to charter, and will let me know their terms if they be agreeable, ſhall have the above freight.

R. T. HOOE.

Juſt opened, and to be ſold by the ſubſcribers, at their ſtore, on the head of the dock.

A NEAT aſſortment of ſtampt cottons and calicoes---a few pieces of neat bed-furniture---a good aſſortment of three quarter and yard wide Iriſh linens, from 1s. to 3s. coſt;---yard and half quarter Iriſh and Ruſſia sheetings---German dowlas---a few pieces of oſnabrig, and Welch cottons---a large aſſortment of mens neateſt made ſhoes---ſeine twine.

They have alſo for ſale, a large aſſortment of clothes, Engliſh double and ſingle refined loaf ſugar---Cheſhire and double Gloſter cheeſe---a few groce of porter, and port wine---a few quarter caſks of old Madeira and Liſbon wine---old ſpirits, and rum by the hogſhead, quarter caſk, or gallon---molaſſes---Muſcovado ſugar---coffee---chocolate, &c. &c.

THOMAS C. WILLIAMS, and Co.

N. B. Have likewiſe for ſale, excellent country made beer, in quarter caſks; made by Mr. Iſaac Perkins, in Kent county. It is much ſuperior to any ever made in this province, it being entirely clear of the common ſmeaky taſte.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

BROKE Somerſet county jail on Friday night, or early on Saturday morning the 13th inſtant, a negro fellow, who was committed for felony by the name of Harry, and ſays he belongs to William Perry of Talbot county, aged 35 years or there abouts; he is a luſty well ſet fellow, 6 feet high, or there abouts; my not being acquainted with his cloaths, ſhall not under take to deſcribe them. Whoever takes up and ſecures the aforeſaid negro fellow in any of his majeſty's jails, ſhall receive the above reward if taken in this county, if out of the county three pounds, and is brought home, all reaſonable charges paid, by

J. DASHIELL, ſheriff. 2

THERE is at the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Snowden's manor, Frederick county, Maryland, taken up as ſtrays, a ſorrel horſe, with a blaze face, ſquare againſt his eyes, long mane and tail, about 14 hands high, about 4 years old, paces and gallops. A ſorrel mare, blaze face, long mane and tail, about 13 hands high, about 12 years old, natural pacer, neither of them branded. The owner may have them again, proving property, and paying charges, by applying to HADRACH CASE.

ANY perſon inclinable to gather a quantity of the Senaga, or Rattle Snake root, from 100 lb. to 200 lb. Likewiſe Callamus root this ſummer, may have it diſpoſed of by applying to John Robinſon, at his excellency's governor Edens.

N. B. Otters, Wild cats, Minks, or other ſhipable furs, if taken in ſeaſon, may be diſpoſed of at the ſame place. 2 tf

To be let,

THE dwelling-houſe &c. where I now reſide. tf 3 JAMES TILGHMAN, Annapolis.

RAN away yeſterday from the Patuxent iron-works, a convict ſervant man, named Richard Suffolk, a tall ſpare made fellow, about 6 feet high, has a meagre countenance and a ſickly look, and is about 25 years of age: he went off in his common working dreſs. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and ſecures him, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall receive if taken 10 miles from home, 20 ſhillings, if 20 miles, 30 ſhillings, and if 40 miles, or out of the province, 3 pounds, and if brought home reaſonable charges paid, by tf 3 SAMUEL and JOHN SNOWDEN.

Charles county, Allen's Freſh, April, 22, 1775.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber laſt night, a dark bay horſe, about 14 and a half hands high, and 6 or 7 years old this graſs; he is a raw boned horſe and well made before, with remarkable high withers, which occaſions any ſaddle not particularly made or altered for him, to hurt his withers; which when taken away, was not quite covered with hair from a ſore in that place by the ſaddle---there is alſo another ſpot below the ſaddle not quite haired; he has a good many gray hairs on his rump as if turning to a roan, trots, gallops, and paces a little. Any perſon that will bring him to me, ſhall have four dollars reward if taken 20 miles from home, and two dollars if taken nigher, and reaſonable charges for bringing him home, and four more upon the thiefs being convicted, of 4 w

JOHN ANDERSON.

N B. There was ſtole from the neighbourhood at the ſame time, another horſe and ſtallion, ſo that I imagine they may be offered for ſale. 5

Charles county, April 8, 1775.

ON Saturday night, the 1ſt inſtant, BROKE JAIL, the two following negroes, viz.

The one by the name of SAM, who was committed as a runaway, ſaid he belonged to Bun Jackſon, living in Baltimore county, about fourteen miles from Baltimore-Town; he is about five feet eleven inches high, a likely, ſtrait, clean-limbed fellow, appears to be about 25 years of age, carries himſelf, when ſtanding or walking, very erect; he often ſaid, when in jail, that he ſhould be intitled to his freedom at the age of thirty-one years, as his mother was a free mulatto, and that he intended (when he left his maſter) down to Point Lookout, in St. Mary's county, where his mother lives, to ſee her and his old miſtreſs, with whom he had formerly lived, and was in hopes his old miſtreſs would get him again, as he thought ſhe had the beſt right to him, the ſaid Bun Jackſon having, ſome years ago, taken him and another negroe, when young, from his ſaid miſtreſs by force, and carried them away in a veſſel round to Baltimore. His cloathing, when he broke jail, were a negro cotton jacket and breeches, an old oſnabrig ſhirt, country made ſtockings, ſhoes, and hat.

The other negro, called WILL, was committed for ſundry thefts, is the property of James Livers, living in Charles county, about five miles from Port-Tobacco, is a very impudent looking fellow, has a bold ſaucy way of talking, and is a remarkable rogue in the neighbourhood where he lived; he appears to be an able ſtrong fellow, about five feet four inches high, and thick ſet; had on in jail an iron collar, which he wore under an oſnabrig ſhirt, and an old ragged great coat, in order to conceal it, he had alſo a pair of old ſtocking leggings, and a pretty good felt hat. Whoever apprehends ſaid negroes, and brings them to the ſubſcriber, living about a mile from Port-Tobacco, ſhall receive a reward of ſeven pounds ten ſhillings for both; or three pounds for Sam, and four pounds ten ſhillings for Will.

5 W. HANSON, ſheriff of Charles county.

Alexandria, April 18, 1775.

TO be let to the loweſt undertaker, the building of a brick church (in Alexandria, on Thurſday the firſt day of June next) of the following dimenſions; ſixty foot by fifty foot, and twenty-eight foot pitch. The plan may be ſeen, and the terms of payment made known, by application to w s

JOHN CARLYLE. WILLIAM RAMSAY.

Annapolis, May 9, 1775.

Juſt arrived, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber,

A NUMBER of healthy four, five, ſix, and ſeven years ſervants, with a great many redemptioners; among which are houſe-carpenters and joiners, cabinet-makers, millwrights and millers, blackſmiths, coopers, ſawyers, ſtone-maſons, barbers, tailors, ſhoemakers, ſkinners, painters, brewers, breeches-makers and bakers; with a great number of both Engliſh and Iriſh farmers, labourers, &c.

3 w WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

N. B. About four months ago, there ſtrayed away a red cow with a white face, white under the belly, and had five teats. Whoever brings her home, ſhall be paid 20 ſhillings reward, by W. W.

SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Prince George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, on Sunday the 26th of March, a negro man, named Sam, but generally called and known by the name of Sam Locker; he is a thin clean made fellow, between thirty and forty years of age, has rather long hair, being of the Eaſt-India breed; he formerly belonged to Mr. Iſaac Simmons near Pig-point, in Anne-Arundel county, the ſaid Simmons now lives near Cilvert county court-houſe, and I ſuppoſe the fellow may endeavour to get down to his old maſter's; as he took with him ſundry cloaths, it is impoſſible to deſcribe his dreſs with certainty: he had on when he went away, a new ſcarnought coat, lightiſh colour, blue cloth breeches, oſnabrig ſhirt, felt hat almoſt new, white yarn ſtockings, and good ſhoes, (the ſoles nailed) has a wife at Mr. Walter Bowie's, near the Forks chapal, is a talkative artful fellow, and will endeavour to impoſe himſelf as a free man. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid runaway, ſo as his maſter gets him again, ſhall receive the above reward, from 3 w

BENJAMIN BROOKES. 2

To be ſold to the higheſt bidder, on Thurſday the 22d of June next if fair, if not, the next fair day on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing 240 acres; on ſaid land, there is a good dwelling-houſe, three rooms below and 3 above, a brick chimnie, a good kitchen with a brick ditto, a negro quarters, corn-houſe, ſmoke-houſe, milk-houſe, ſpring-houſe, and ſtable; a tobacco-houſe 40 by 22 feet, framed and ſhingled, a barn 40 by 24 feet, framed and ſhingled in the beſt manner double ground-tiered with a good threshing floor; by the ſaid barn there is a valuable piece of tobacco ground containing 60 thouſand hills, a ſo a valuable apple and peach orchard; the apple orchard has frequently produced 4 thouſand gallons of cyder in a ſeaſon; a valuable meadow well ditched and fenced, containing about 6 acres, and as much more may be added to it equally as good. The above land abounding with plenty of wood and excellent timber, about half a mile from a good merchant mill, one and a half from Patuxent river, where there is a remarkable landing for catching fiſh, 3 miles from Lower-Marlborough, 4 from hunting-town, and 5 from All Saints church. Alſo three hundred and ſeventy-three ¼ acres of valuable land, abounding with plenty of wood and excellent timber, lying near Low r-Marlborough, in Calvert county, about two miles from Patuxent river, where there is an extraordinary landing for catching fiſh; about 1 ¼ miles from a good merchant mill, and alſo within 3 miles of Thomas John Claggett's church, and 4 miles from Hunting-town. On the ſaid land there is three different ſettlements; on one of them there is a good dwelling-houſe, kitchen, quarter, corn-houſe, ſtable, and a new barn 40 by 24 feet, double ground-tiered, framed and ſhingled in the beſt manner, a good paled garden, and a good apple-orchard of excellent fruit all in good repair. On another ſettlement, there is a good dwelling-houſe, and tobacco houſe, and a fine young orchard of exceeding good fruit; there is alſo about 3 acres of meadow land under a good ditch and fence, and 20 acres more may be added to it, equally as good. And on the other ſettlement, there is a dwelling-houſe and corn-houſe, with about four acres of meadow land cleared, to which may be added about 6 acres more. The above land and improvements will be ſold, either altogether or in lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer.

The land will be ſhown, the terms made known to thoſe who incline to purchaſe privately, and an undoubted title to the ſaid land and premiſes, made by the ſubſcriber.

Thoſe who are inclinable to purchaſe privately, are deſired to apply ſoon, as there has been ſeveral offers made already. Liberty will be given to the purchaſer to ſow ſmall grain this fall, and poſſeſſion given the 25th day of December next.

3 WILLIAM HICKMAN.

To be ſold at public vendue, purſuant to the laſt will and teſtament of Mr. Zachariah Scott, late of Prince George's county, deceaſed,

A VALUABLE tract of land, lying on a branch, known by the name of Hinſon branch, called Burbridge, containing two hundred and eight acres; it lies within three or four miles of the wood-yard in Prince George's county, whereon is a dwelling-houſe and tobacco-houſe, and a large apple orchard of excellent fruit. The land is well wooded and watered, and well adopted for a planter or farmer. The ſale will be on the premiſes the 30th day of June next, if fair, if not, the next fair day. The land is free from incumbrance, and will be ſold for ready common current money of Maryland, and a good title made to the land immediately, by w 3

2 ROGER BROOKE BEALL, executor.

Annapolis, May 17, 1775.

JOSEPH GARRISON takes this method to inform the public, that he carries on the brazing and tinning buſineſs as uſual, at his ſhop in Cornhill-ſtreet, near the dock, where his cuſtomers and others may depend on having their orders punctually executed, in the beſt manner, and at the moſt reaſonable prices. All perſons indebted to Meſſrs Garriſon and Sampſon, for work done in the above buſineſs, are deſired to call and ſettle their accounts with Garriſon, as the partnerſhip between him and Mr. Sampſon is now diſſolved. tf

Annapolis, February 1, 1775.

WANTED by the commiſſioners or truſtees, for the poor of Anne-Arundel county, 450 poſts of cedar or locuſt to ſquare ſeven inches, and 9 ½ feet long; 2000 rails of white oak or yellow poplar, 3 by 4 inches, and to be 10 feet long. Whoever will ſupply the above articles, are deſired to apply to Mr. Nathan Hammond, one of the truſtees. tf

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